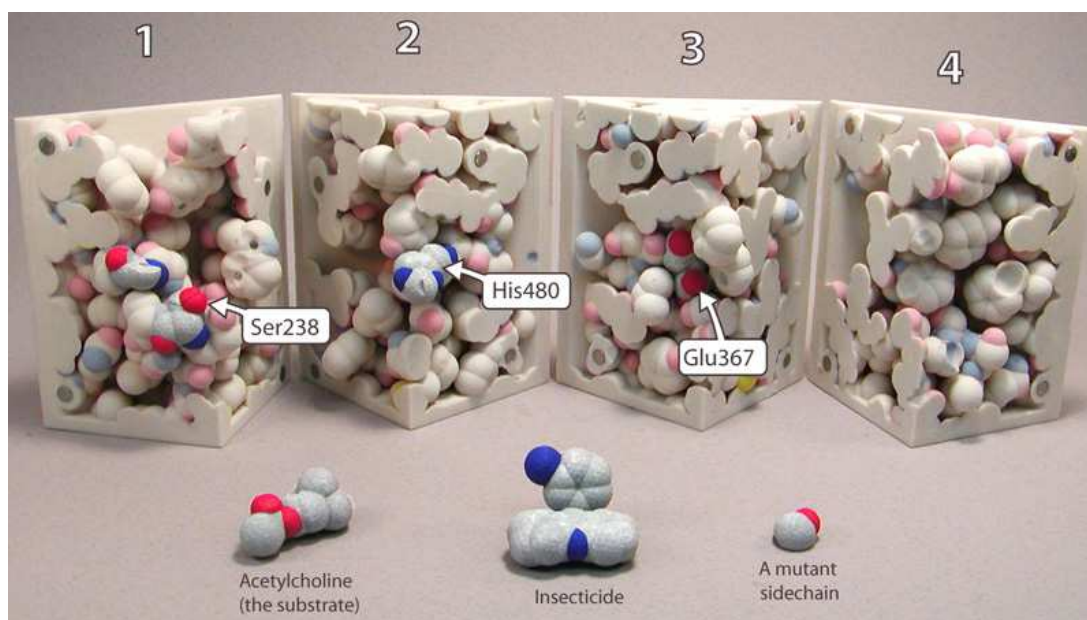


Acetylcholinesterase



Teaching Points

These materials explore the structure-function relationship of a single protein, acetylcholinesterase. The acetylcholinesterase gene and the protein it encodes can be used to demonstrate a number of biological concepts, including enzyme specificity, competitive inhibition, mutation, characteristics of the genetic code, alternate splice sites, natural selection, bioinformatics, and disease transmission. Many of these materials can be presented either at an introductory or an advanced level. For instance, materials are provided to allow students to compare DNA and protein sequences by hand, or these comparisons can be completed using programs available on the Internet. Furthermore, it is not necessary to incorporate ALL the materials in the classroom at one time. We often use acetylcholinesterase as one of a few 'anchor' proteins that serve as examples to help tie together a number of biological concepts. Our hope is that when students leave our classes, they can provide specific examples of a few proteins that illustrate a number of biological concepts.

Nerves send signals to muscles by way of neurotransmitters, such as acetylcholine. Once the signal has been received, the neurotransmitter must be broken down and recycled, or the cell would not be able to distinguish a new signal as it enters the receptors. Acetylcholinesterase, which breaks down acetylcholine into acetic acid and choline, is the target of nerve agents such as sarin as well as insecticides like DDT and Malathion. For more background information on acetylcholinesterase, check out David Goodsell's Molecule of the Month on the Protein Databank website:

http://www.rcsb.org/pdb/education/discussion/molecule_of_the_month/download/Acetylcholinesterase.pdf.

Aside from being pesky nuisances, mosquitoes often transmit blood-borne diseases, such as malaria and West Nile virus. In an attempt to control the spread of disease, insecticides have been used widely. Variation in the acetylcholinesterase gene has allowed some mosquitoes to be resistant to insecticides. When mosquitoes are exposed repeatedly to insecticides, those with resistance to the chemicals survive to reproduce, resulting in a population of mosquitoes that are no longer able to be controlled with the insecticide. This material explores the nature of the mutation that confers resistance at the molecular level and is based on a paper published by Weill, et al. (2003).

First, students explore the structure of acetylcholinesterase using computer simulations (located at <http://www.scripps.edu/mb/goodsell/jmol/ach>) as well as physical models available from the MSOE Model Lending Library. They discover that the catalytic triad consists of serine, histidine and glutamic acid residues that are separated by many amino acids in the single polypeptide, but that the three residues lie physically near each other, buried at the base of a

long, narrow pocket within the protein. Although the substrate fits neatly in the active site and is physically in contact with each of the residues in the catalytic triad, students quickly discover that the only way for the substrate to access the active site is if the protein undergoes a conformational change – appearing to ‘breathe’ to allow the substrate to reach the catalytic site.

After exploring the active site of acetylcholinesterase, students compare the DNA sequence from two strains of mosquito, one sensitive, and the other resistant, to insecticides. They discover that there are 28 nucleotide differences between the two strains. Next, they align the protein sequences, and discover that there is only ONE difference between the two strains. This activity demonstrates silent mutations – changes at the DNA level that are not expressed as changes in the protein level. This is a great opportunity to review the characteristics of the genetic code – it is a degenerate code – more than one codon can code for a specific amino acid), and that there is third base ‘wobble’ (often mutations in the third base position still code for the same amino acid).

After examining acetylcholinesterase bioinformatics, students then go on to study the impact of the specific amino acid change on the protein function. They return to the computer simulations and physical models. They discover that the mutation is not in the catalytic site of the protein, but in the long narrow pocket leading to the catalytic site. Insecticides serve as competitive inhibitors, blocking the path to the active site of the molecule. Students discover that the mutation causes a glycine residue to be replaced by a serine residue, and that this minor change still allows the substrate to squeeze through the gorge. They also discover that, although the residue in the resistant strain is only slightly larger, it is sufficiently large to block the inhibitor from entering the gorge.

After students have discovered the nature of the mutation and the impact on protein structure, you might have them go one step further by asking them to propose a design for a better insecticide – one that would inhibit the enzyme regardless of what mutations might arise. Students might suggest an inhibitor that binds directly at the catalytic site, providing another teaching opportunity. (Insects with mutations at the catalytic site would not survive, since the protein would not function normally.)

This manual is organized in sections for those instructors interested in presenting only a portion of the material. Most sections are divided into subsections. Throughout the material, Section A is more appropriate for introductory courses. Students are provided with the aligned sequences and are required to identify the differences between the sequences. In section B, students actually use Internet tools for bioinformatics to align the sequences. There are additional suggestions in section C to allow for more in depth study of bioinformatics.

Models in this Collection

- Two acetylcholinesterase active site boxes
- Acetylcholinesterase backbone structure with embedded box
- CD with documentation

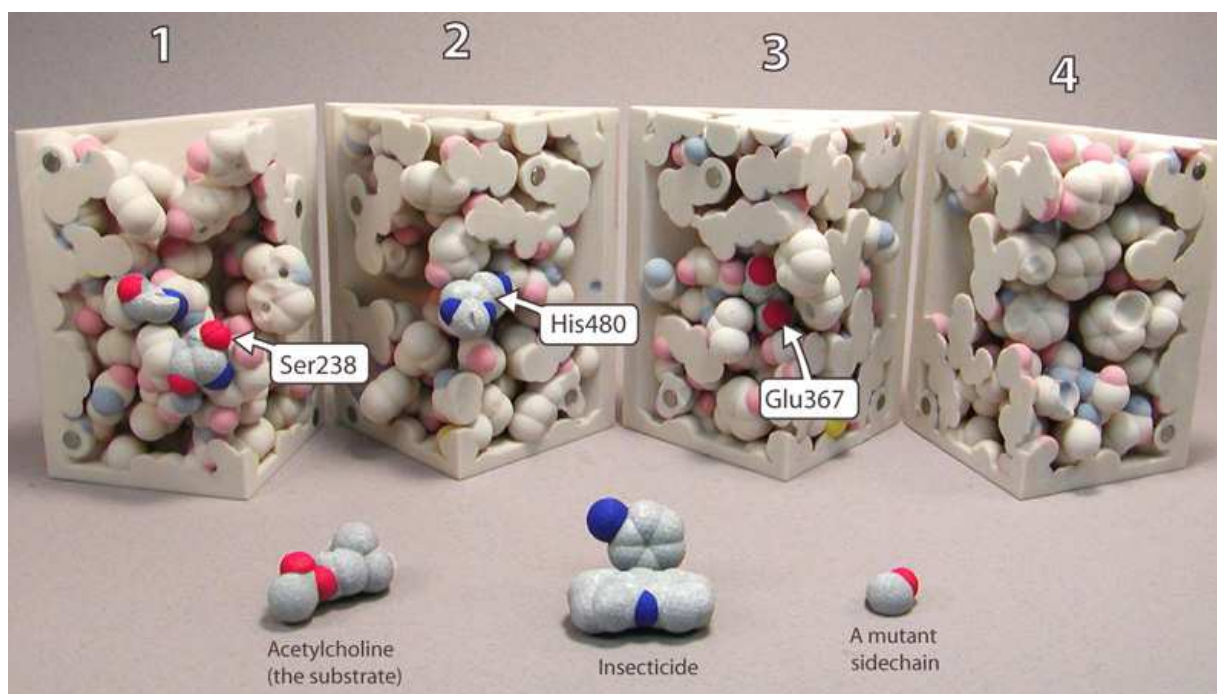
Model Details

- Acetylcholinesterase active site box
 - o Fold out model of acetylcholinesterase active site gorge in four sections, including substrate (acetylcholinesterase), competitive inhibitor (insecticide), serine 238 cap, and mutant sidechain
 - o Catalytic site residues (ser238, his480 and glu367) in cpk colors; rest of model in muted Goodsell colors (pink is oxygen, pale blue is nitrogen, white is carbon)
 - o Magnets join the four sections, as well as the substrate, inhibitor, ser38 cap and mutant sidechain, all of which are in cpk colors
 - o Mutant sidechain converts a glycine to a serine residue
 - o Based on PDB file 1QON
 - o Made of plaster on the Z-Corp printer
- Acetylcholinesterase backbone model
 - o Catalytic site residues (ser238, his480 and glu367) ball and stick in cpk colors; aromatic residues lining active site gorge in yellow ball and stick
 - o Embedded box indicates where the model was cut to make the active site box
 - o Based on PDB file 1QON
 - o Made of plaster on the Z-Corp printer

Documentation included

- Teaching points and inventory
- How do the models fit back in the suitcase?
- Evolution in Action: Modeling Insecticide Resistance in Mosquitoes (Instructor's Guide)
- Acetylcholinesterase – information from NCBI
- Worksheets
 - o SR and SLA-B DNA and protein sequences
 - o Acetylcholinesterase SLAB-SR DNA Alignment
 - o Acetylcholinesterase SLAB-SR DNA Alignment Key
 - o Alignment of SLA-B and SR protein sequences
 - o Alignment of SLA-B and SR protein sequences key
 - o Analysis of location of mutations in SR acetylcholinesterase within codons
 - o Alignment of Acetylcholinesterase Gene from Strains Sensitive and Resistant to Insecticides
 - o Alignment of Acetylcholinesterase Gene from Strains Sensitive and Resistant to Insecticides Key
 - o Summary of nucleotide differences in acetylcholinesterase gene among 30 mosquito strains
- Copy of Weill et al. paper: Insecticide resistance in mosquito vectors. Nature 423:136-137.

Evolution in Action: Modeling Insecticide Resistance in Mosquitoes



Instructor's Manual

Classroom materials were developed by Margaret Franzen, Pellissippi State Technical Community College, Knoxville TN and Center for BioMolecular Modeling, Milwaukee School of Engineering, Milwaukee WI, in collaboration with Lynda Jones, Caitlin Gabel School, Portland OR. Jmol files were developed by David Goodsell of The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA. Physical models were developed in collaboration with Tim Herman, Center for BioMolecular Modeling (CBM), Milwaukee School of Engineering, Milwaukee WI. Funding for this project was provided in part by NSF CCLI grant #0442409 and NIH NCRR SEPA award RR022749.

Permission is given to modify and/or copy these materials for classroom use, but they may not be sold or published. Feedback on how the materials work in your classroom would be greatly appreciated. Additional materials are being developed; feel free to contact us for the latest updates.

Correspondence should be sent to Margaret Franzen, Center for BioMolecular Modeling, Milwaukee School of Engineering, Milwaukee WI 53202, franzen@msoe.edu.

Concepts Addressed by Acetylcholinesterase Module

- The active site of a protein is not necessarily formed by adjacent amino acids in the peptide chain
- Protein structures are not static, but flexible
- Mutation occurs prior to natural selection
- Some mutations at the DNA level are not expressed at the protein level (silent mutations)
- Not all mutations are 'bad'
- Genes can have alternate introns splice sites, leading to more than one protein from a single gene

Overview of Materials and Teaching Points

These materials explore the structure-function relationship of a single protein, acetylcholinesterase. The acetylcholinesterase gene and the protein it encodes can be used to demonstrate a number of biological concepts, including enzyme specificity, competitive inhibition, mutation, characteristics of the genetic code, alternate splice sites, natural selection, bioinformatics, and disease transmission. Many of these materials can be presented either at an introductory or an advanced level. For instance, materials are provided to allow students to compare DNA and protein sequences by hand, or these comparisons can be completed using programs available on the Internet. Furthermore, it is not necessary to incorporate ALL the materials in the classroom at one time. We often use acetylcholinesterase as one of a few 'anchor' proteins that serve as examples to help tie together a number of biological concepts. My hope is that when students leave my class, they can provide specific examples of a few proteins that illustrate a number of biological concepts.

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After students have discovered the nature of the mutation and the impact on protein structure, you could have them go one step further by asking them to propose a design for a better insecticide – one that would inhibit the enzyme regardless of what mutations might arise. Students may suggest an inhibitor that binds directly at the catalytic site, providing another teaching opportunity. (Insects with mutations at the catalytic site would not survive, since the protein would not function normally.)

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section B, students actually utilize Internet tools for bioinformatics to align the sequences. In some cases, there are additional suggestions in section C to allow for more in depth study of bioinformatics.

I Background on Acetylcholinesterase

It is strongly recommended that students begin by learning a little about the function of acetylcholinesterase. A great place to start is at the Molecule of the Month website sponsored by the Protein Data Bank. Acetylcholinesterase information is found at: http://www.rcsb.org/pdb/static.do?p=education_discussion/molecule_of_the_month/pdb54_1.html.

- A. Utilizing computer visualizations and physical models
 1. You can access computer visualizations of acetylcholinesterase structure for both sensitive and resistant strains at: <http://www.scripps.edu/mb/goodsell/jmol/ach/>. There are three different links on this page, described below. At each of these links, there are Jmol images that allow the viewer to rotate the structure, change the appearance (backbone, space fill, etc.), and zoom in on important features. (No additional software is required to view Jmol files, which is a distinct advantage over Chime files.) If you click on an atom in the structure, its identity will appear in the footer at the lower left of the browser window.
 - a) 'Basics' explores the structure of acetylcholinesterase, showing the long narrow gorge, or pocket, leading to the active site, which is buried deep within the protein. Acetylcholine is in green and is positioned in the active site.
 - b) 'Active site' explores in greater detail, the active site of the protein, including the three amino acids that form the catalytic triad (SER200, GLU327 and HIS440)¹. Additional amino acids that define the boundaries of the gorge are shown in grey and labeled 'other active site residues'. There are two images, one with the substrate, acetylcholine, in green, and the other with the inhibitor, colored yellow.
 - c) 'Mutant' focuses on comparing the active site of the wild type (sensitive to insecticide) and the mutant (resistant to insecticide). [This part of the visualization is explored in section VI, after students have determined the nature of the mutation rendering resistance to insecticides.]
 2. After exploring the computer models, students can explore the structure in three dimensional space, using the acetylcholinesterase model available from the MSOE Model Lending Library. These models can be reserved for use for 10-14 days (including shipping time); the borrower only pays for return shipping. Additional information about the lending library can be found at: <http://www.rpc.msoe.edu/lib/>. It is possible to show students the computer visualizations alone, but our experience has been that students really don't understand fully until they manipulate the molecules themselves. These models serve as thinking tools, allowing students to ask much more meaningful questions about the structure-function relationship in this and other proteins.

II Exploring Acetylcholinesterase Gene Structure – Alternate Splice Sites

- A. Students can read the handout 'Acetylcholinesterase NCBI' on the CD to discover that there are two different forms of the enzyme, but only one gene. They will learn that which forms are expressed in various tissues, and they can see the map of the two splice variants, one which splices exon 4 to exon 5 (E4-E5) and the other that splices exon 4 to exon 6 (E4-E6).
- B. Students can access the information (and much more) themselves by going to the NCBI website (www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov) and searching in the Gene section for acetylcholinesterase. If they locate the information on the acetylcholinesterase (Yt blood group) from *Homo sapiens*, they will find the information on the handout in the Summary as well as the section 'Genomic Regions, Transcripts and Products'. If there is time, students can dig much deeper by following links in NCBI. Depending on where they explore, they might discover that the two forms can be expressed in one tissue at different times (for instance, under stress), or that the acetylcholinesterase in the blood serves the purpose of binding organophosphates as well as any acetylcholine that was not removed at the synapse.

III Bioinformatics Part 1: DNA Alignment

- A. Using two pre-aligned sequences (one sensitive, one resistant to insecticide)

¹ These residue numbers are for acetylcholinesterase from *Torpedo californica* (electric ray) 1AMN. Computer simulations involving docked protein are from *Drosophila melanogaster* (fruit fly) 1QON, with catalytic residues SER238, GLU367 and HIS480. The corresponding catalytic residues in *Culex pipiens* (mosquito) are SER327, GLU453 and HIS567. Although there are some differences in the overall amino acid sequence in the three organisms, they maintain the same overall structure at the active site, allowing for meaningful comparison of structures. When the models were developed, the crystal structure for mosquito acetylcholinesterase had not yet been resolved.

1. See "Worksheets: SLA-B SR DNA Alignment" on the CD. Students use highlighters to denote differences in the two sequences.
- B. Using Bioserver to align two sequences (one sensitive, one resistant to insecticide)
 1. Go to the Bioserver website at <http://www.bioservers.org/bioserver/>.
 - a) Under 'Sequence Servers' click 'Register' (unless you have already registered at the DNA Learning Center and have a username and password). Registration is free, and it allows you to save your sequences for use in further comparisons.
 - b) Once you have registered, you may enter the Sequence Server.
 2. Place the acetylcholinesterase sequences in your work area:
 - a) Click on 'Manage Groups'.
 - b) Select "Public" under 'Sequence Sources'
 - c) Search for "Resistant Ache" and "Sensitive Ache" posted in 8/05 and click the box to the left of each of these listings.
 - d) Click 'OK'. This will save the sequences to your work area.
 3. After saving both sequences, align them using Clustal W:
 - a) Click on the box to the left of the sequences you want to compare (SLA-B and SR).
 - b) Select 'Align:ClustalW' from the drop down box near the top of the page, then click 'Compare'.
 - c) A new window will open with the alignment. Yellow boxes indicate positions in which the nucleotide sequences are different. You may print the comparison, but some printers don't pick up the yellow highlighting. After printing, you may need to use a highlighter to mark the differences between the sequences. Alternately, if you have a color printer available, you may cut and paste the alignment into a word processing document (the color highlights transfer), then print the transferred document.

IV Bioinformatics Part 2: Protein Alignment

- A. Aligning sequences from one sensitive and one resistant strain
 1. Students compare the aligned SLA-B and SR protein sequences and discover that, in spite of 28 differences in the DNA, there is only one difference in the protein. A '*' under the two aligned sequences indicates the amino acids are identical. This handout is called "Alignment of SLA-B and SR protein sequences"
- B. Translating the sequences, then aligning the translated sequences
 1. Translating sequences
 - a) In BioServer website (<http://www.bioservers.org/bioserver/>), select SLA-B and click the 'Open' button to the right of the sequence. Cut and paste this sequence into a word processing file.
 - b) Go to <http://bio.lundberg.gu.se/edu/translat.html>
 - c) Cut and paste the sequence into the box, and click translate. The protein sequence will appear in a new window. Next there will be the DNA sequence, with three rows of protein sequences below the DNA sequence. These protein sequences are staggered and correspond to the three reading frames. The one letter abbreviation for the amino acid is printed directly underneath the first nucleotide in the codon that codes for that amino acid.
 - d) Cut and paste the protein sequence (at the top of the output) into the word processing document below the DNA sequence. Be sure to label the source of the DNA.
 - e) Repeat steps a-d for the SR sequence.
 2. Aligning translated sequences
 - a) Go to www.expasy.ch/tools/sim-prot.html.
 - b) Under "Sequence 1" select 'User-entered sequence' and enter 'SLA-B' for 'Sequence Name'.
 - c) Cut and paste SLA-B DNA protein sequence (saved in the word processing file) into the 'paste your sequence here' box.
 - d) Under "Sequence 2" select 'User-entered sequence' and enter 'SR' for 'Sequence Name'.
 - e) Cut and paste SR DNA protein sequence (saved in the word processing file) into the 'paste your sequence here' box.
 - f) Click 'submit'.
 - g) The results will show the two aligned sequences. The symbol '*' below the aligned sequences shows identical amino acids in that position.

- V Bioinformatics Part 3: Comparison of Multiple Strains (This entire section is more advanced and can be omitted; this section just solidifies the finding that a single amino acid change results in insecticide resistance. If you have time to include this material, it provides very powerful evidence that students are on the right track!)
- A. Comparing pre-aligned DNA sequences from 30 strains (19 sensitive, 11 resistant to insecticide)
 - 1. Students search 30 aligned DNA sequences to locate differences. The SLA-B strain is used as the standard for comparison. Note that most of these sequences only contain exon 3; SLA-B and SR contain the complete gene sequence. Only exon 3 was amplified in the other strains once it was determined that the only amino acid difference between SLA-B and SR was in exon 3.
 - 2. After all differences are marked with a highlighter, students should locate any differences that are found in ALL of the resistant strains and NONE of the sensitive strains. They will identify one difference at base #739. Students can calculate the amino acid by dividing the nucleotide number by 3 (3 nucleotides per codon), and rounding the value to the next whole number if it is not evenly divisible by 3. They will discover that the amino acid (#247) is the ONLY amino acid difference identified between SLA-B and SR.
 - B. Aligning the 30 strains using Bioserver
 - 1. After logging into the Bioserver website (<http://www.bioservers.org/bioserver/>), students can select additional acetylcholinesterase sequences of strains that are sensitive and resistant for alignment by opening the drop down box(es) that say 'none' and selecting additional sequences. Each time a new sequence is opened in the list, a new drop down box appears.
 - 2. There are 29 strains sensitive, and 11 strains resistant, to inhibitors. The BioServer only allows eight sequences to be aligned at once, so must complete the alignment in segments, or instructors may assign the alignment of only some sequences. It is best to always include both SLA-B and SR in all alignments.
 - 3. After sequences are selected, click 'Compare' Align Clustal W. This will align the selected sequences. Note: if you print directly from the output, the color highlights typically don't transfer. You may avoid this problem by cutting and pasting the results into a word processing document, then printing the new document.
- VI Bioinformatics Part 4: Understanding the Genetic Code. This section could easily be omitted; it focuses on the location of each of the mutations within the codon and develops an understanding of both the degeneracy of the code and the wobble hypothesis.
- A. Using a prepared chart to identify the location of the mutations within the codon
 - 1. The file 'analysis of location of mutations within codons' provides a table listing all 28 nucleotide differences in the acetylcholinesterase gene between SLA-B and SR strains, listing both the nucleotide number and the codon containing the change. (The codons for SLA-B are listed.) The variant nucleotide is printed in red. The single change, resulting a different amino acid, is highlighted in yellow.
 - 2. This table can be used to discuss the location of each mutation in the codon (most are in the third base). Students can compare the codons and the amino acids for which they code. This is a perfect opportunity to reinforce the concept of the redundancy of the genetic code. Most of the mutations occur in the third codon; two of the three codons for which the mutation is in the first base, also code for the same amino acid.
 - B. Preparing their own chart to identify the location of the mutations within the codon
 - 1. Students can use the data they collected earlier to generate a list of the nucleotide differences and the codons in which each mutation occurs. They will need BOTH the aligned SLA-B and SR DNA sequences, as well as the translated sequences with the amino acids list.
 - 2. Using the DNA alignment output generated in section II.B.3, highlight the differences in the DNA sequences in resistant and sensitive strands on the translation output sheets generated in section III.B.1.
 - 3. The top reading frame of the protein sequences is the actual protein sequence. This particular translation program prints the one letter amino acid code directly under the middle base of the codon. Students can thus identify the codon that includes each of the mutations, as well as the amino acid for which it codes. This information can be tabulated; a copy of a suitable data table is found in 'data table VB3'.

VII Protein Structure: Determining the Structure-Function Relationship of the Mutation

- A. Utilizing computer visualizations and physical models
 - 1. Students can now access the computer visualizations again at <http://www.scripps.edu/mb/goodsell/jmol/ach/>. They may wish to review the 'basics' and 'active

- site' links before going on to the 'mutant' section. 'Mutant' focuses on comparing the active site of the wild type (sensitive to insecticide) and the mutant (resistant to insecticide). Both substrate (acetylcholine) and inhibitor are observed in the active site gorge. Students should discover that although both molecules fit in the active site in the wild type protein, the inhibitor is too large to fit in the pocket with the larger serine residue in the mutant protein.
2. After exploring the computer visualizations, students can return to the physical models to study the impact of the mutation on the ability of the substrate and inhibitor to fit in the active site gorge. They will quickly discover that the substrate is small enough to fit in the active site whether the normal or mutant residue is present, but that the inhibitor is too large to fit in the pocket in the presence of the mutation.
- B. Proposing a new insecticide structure
1. After students have worked with the computer visualizations and physical models, it is very easy to transition into applying their knowledge. Students can be asked to describe characteristics of an inhibitor that will still function in the presence of the mutation. There are several avenues they may explore – including, but not limited to, a smaller inhibitor, an inhibitor that actually binds at the active site (which CAN'T mutate and still be functional), or perhaps an inhibitor that binds at the top of the pocket, blocking access to the active site.

Most of these teaching points have been developed into a Waksman Challenge for high school students, which was offered in spring 2006. The link to the Waksman Challenge website is: <http://wakschallenge.rutgers.edu/index.php>. The acetylcholinesterase challenge will eventually appear under the 'archives'. (There is a copy of the challenge on the CD, in the folder 'Waksman Challenge' under 'Insecticide Resistance'.)

Bibliography

Weill, Mylene, Georges Lutfalla, Knud Morgensen, Fabrice Chandre, Arnaud Berthomieu, Claire Berticat, Nicole Pasteur, Alexandre Philips, Philippe Fort and Michel Raymond. 2003. Insecticide Resistance in Mosquito Vectors. *Nature* 423: 136-137. Available free online at: http://www-eve.ucdavis.edu/eve102/pdf/Weill_etal_Nature_2003.pdf

Acetylcholinesterase

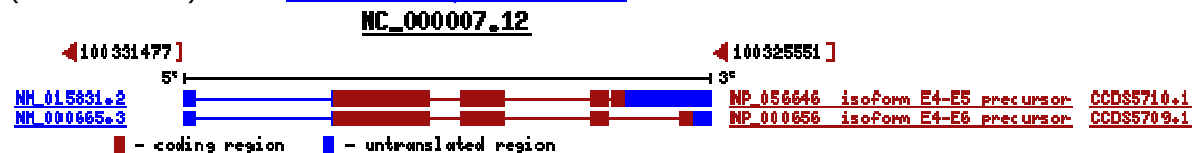
Information taken from NCBI website; gene information on Acetylcholinesterase – gene ACHE

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi?db=gene&cmd=Retrieve&dopt=full_report&list_uids=43

Acetylcholinesterase hydrolyzes the neurotransmitter, acetylcholine at neuromuscular junctions and brain cholinergic synapses, and thus terminates signal transmission. It is also found on the red blood cell membranes, where it constitutes the Yt blood group antigen. Acetylcholinesterase exists in multiple molecular forms which possess similar catalytic properties, but differ in their oligmeric assembly and mode of cell attachment to the cell surface. It is encoded by the single ACHE gene, and the structural diversity in the gene products arises from alternative mRNA splicing, and post-translational associations of catalytic and structural subunits. The major form of acetylcholinesterase found in brain, muscle and other tissues is the hydrophilic species, which forms disulfide-linked oligomers with collagenous, or lipid-containing structural subunits. The other, alternatively spliced form, expressed primarily in the erythroid tissues, differs at the C-terminal end, and contains a cleavable hydrophobic peptide with a GPI-anchor site. It associates with the membranes through the phosphoinositide (PI) moieties added post-translationally.

Genomic Regions, Transcripts and Products

(minus strand) Go to [reference sequence details](#)



SLA-B DNA sequence

ATGGAGATCCGAGGCCTAATAACCCGATTACTGGGTCCATGTCACCTGCGACATCTGATACT
GTGCAGTTTGGGGCTGTACTCCATCCTCGTGACGTCGGTCCATTGCCGGCATCATGACATC
GGTAGTTCGGTGGCACACCAGCTAGGATCGAAATACTCACAATCATCCTCGTTATCGTCATC
CTCGCAATCGTCATCGTCGTTAGCTGAAGAGGCCACGCTGAATAAAGATTGAGATGCATTTT
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AGCGCGAGCATATCCATAGCACTACGACCCGGCGGGCTGGCCTGACCCGGAGGGAGTCCA
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GAACGACACTGGAAGCGCCTAGTGGAAGAAGGTGGACGCATGGATGGGCATTCCGTACG
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ATCAACGTGGTTCGTGCCACGGCCAGGCCCAAGAATGCCGCCGTATGCTGTGGATCTTCG
GGGTGGCTTCTACTCCGGGACTGCCACGCTGGACGTGTACGACCATCGGACCGTGGCCT
CGGAGGAGAAGTCGTAGTTTCGTCAGTACCGTGTGCGAAGTCTTGGGTTTCTCTTC
CTGGGCACACCGGAGGCACCCGGTAACGCGGGGCTGTTTGATCAGAACCTGGCACTGAGA
TGGGTCCGCGACAACATCCACCGGTTCCGGCGGTGACCCCTCGCGGGTCACTGTTCCGGC
GAGAGCGCCGGAGCGGTCTCGGTTTCGCTGCACCTGCTGTGCGCGCTCTCGCGGGACCTG
TTCCAGCGGGCCATCCTCCAGAGTGGCTCCCCGACGGCCCCGTGGGCGCTGGTTTCGCGC
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CCAAGCTGAGCGATGCCGTGCAATGCCTGCGAACCAAGGATCCGAACGAGCTGGTCGACA
ACGAGTGGGGCACGCTGGGGATCTGCGAGTTTCCGTTCCGTTCCGGTTGTGGACGGAGCCT
TCCTCGATGAGACACCGCAGCGTTTCGTTGGCCAGCGGGCGCTTCAAGAAAACGGACATCCT
GACCGGCAGCAACACCGAGGAGGGTTACTACTTTATCATTTACTATCTAACCGAACTGCTCA
GGAAAGAGGAAGGGGTACGGTAACACGCGAGGAGTTCCTACAGGCCGTCCGGGAGTTGA
ATCCGTACGTGAACGGTGCCGCCCCGCGAGGCCATCGTGTTGAGTACACGGACTGGATTGA
ACCGGACAACCCGAACAGCAACCGTGACGCGCTGGACAAGATGGTCGGGGATTATCACTTC
ACCTGCAACGTGAACGAATTCGCCCAGCGGTACGCCGAGGAGGGCAACAACGTGTTTCATGT
ACCTGTACACGCACAGAAGCAAAGGAAATCCCTGGCCGAGGTGGACCGGCGTGATGCACG
GCGACGAGATCAACTACGTGTTTGGCGAACCGCTGAACTCGGCCCTCGGCTACCAGGACGA
CGAGAAGGACTTTAGCCGGAAAATTATGCGATACTGGTCCAACTTTGCCAAGACTGGCAATC
CCAACCCGAGTACGCCGAGCGTGGACCTGCCCCAATGGCCCAAGCACACCGCCACGGAC
GACACTATCTGGAGCTGGGACTGAACACGACCTTCGTGGGACGGGGCCACGATTGCGGC
AGTGCGCTTTCTGGAAGAAATATTTGCCGCACTAGTAGCAGCTACCTCTAACCTCCAAGTA
ACTCCCGCGCCTAGCGTACCTTGCGAAAGCAGCTCAACATCTTATCGATCCACTCTACTTCT
AATAGTCACACTACTTTTAGTAACGCGGTTCAAGATTTAA

SLA-B Protein Sequence

MEIRGLITRLLGPCHLRHLILCSLGLYSILVQSVHCRHHDIGSSVAHQLG 50
SKYSQSSSLSSSSQSSSSLAEATLNKDSDAFFTPYIGHGDSVRIVDAEL 100
GTLEREHIHSTTTTRRRGLTRRESSDATDSDPLVITTDKGKIRGTTLEAP 150
SGKKVDAWMGIPYAQPPLGLRFRHPRPAERWTGVLNATKPPNSCVQIVD 200
TVFGDFPGATMWNPNTPLESDCLYINVVPRPRPKNAAVMLWIFGGGFYS 250
GTATLDVYDHRTLASEENVIVSLQYRVASLGFLFLGTPEAPGNAGLFDQ 300
NLALRWVRDNIHRFGGDPSRVTLFGESAGAVSVSLHLLSALSRDLFQRAI 350
LQSGSPTAPWALVSREEATLRALRLAEAVNCPHDATKLSDAVECLRTKDP 400
NELVDNEWGTLGICEFPFVVDGAFLDETPQRSASGRFKKTDILTGSN 450
TEEGYFYIYYLTELRLKEEGVTVTREEFLQAVRELNPNYVNGAARQAIVF 500
EYTDWIEPDNPNSNRDALDKMVG DYHFTCNVNEFAQRYAEEGNNVFMVLY 550
THRSKGNPWPRWTGVMHGDEINYVFGEPLNSALGYQDDEKDFSRKIMRYW 600
SNFAKTGNPNPSTPSVDLPEWPKHTAHGRHYLELGLNTTFVGRGPRLRQC 650
AFWKYLPQLVAATSNLQVTPAPSVPCSSSTSyrSTLLLIVTLLLVTRF 700
KI*

SR DNA Sequence

ATGGAGATCCGAGGCCTAATAACCCGATTACTGGGTCCATGTCACCTGCGACATCTGATACT
GTGCAGTTTGGGGCTGTACTCCATCCTCGTGCAGTCGGTCCATTGCCGGCATCATGACATC
GGTAGTTCGGTGGCACACCAGCTAGGATCGAAATACTCACAATCATCCTCGTTATCGTCATC
CTCGCAATCGTCATCGTCGTTAGCTGAAGAGGCCACGCTGAATAAAGATTGAGATGCATTTT
TTACACCATATATAGGTACGGAGATTCTGTTTGAATTGTAGATGCCGAATTAGGTACATTAG
AGCGCGAGCATATCCATAGCACTACGACCCGGCGGGCTGGCCTGACCCGGAGGGAGTCCA
GCTCCGATGCCACCGACTCGGACCCACTGGTAATAACGACGGACAAGGGCAAAATCCGTGG
AACGACACTGGAAGCGCCAAGTGGAAAGAAGGTGGACGCATGGATGGGCATTCCGTACGC
GCAGCCCCCGCTGGGTCCGCTCCGTTTTGACATCCGCGACCCGCCGAAAGATGGACCGG
TGTGCTGAACGCGACCAAAACACCAACTCCTGCGTCCAGATCGTGGACACCGTGTTCGGT
GACTTCCCGGGCGCGACCATGTGGAACCCGAACACACCCCTCTCGGAGGACTGTCTGTACA
TCAACGTGGTCTGTGCCAAGGCCGAGGCCCAAGAATGCCGCTGTATGCTGTGGATCTTTGG
GGTAGCTTCTACTCCGGGACTGCCACGTTGACGTGTACGATCATCGGACCGCTGGCCTCG
GAGGAGAACGTGATCGTGGTTTTGCTGCAGTACCGTGTGCGCAAGTCTTGGTTTTCTCTTCT
GGGCACTCCGGAGGCACCTGGTAACGCGGGGCTGTTTGATCAGAACCTGGCACTGAGATG
GGTCCGCGACAACATCCACCGTTTCGGCGGTGACCCCTCGCGGGTCACACTGTTTCGGCGA
GAGCGCCGGAGCGGTCTCGTTTTGCTGCACCTGCTGTGCGGCGCTCTCGCGGGACCTGTT
CCAGCGGGCCATCCTCCAGAGTGGCTCCCCGACGGCCCCATGGGCGCTGGTTTTGCGCGA
AGAAGCTACGCTTAGAGCTCTTCGTCTGGCCGAGGCCGTCAACTGTCCGCACGATGCGACC
AAGCTGAGCGATGCCGTGCAATGTCTGCGAACCAAGGATCCGAACGAGCTGGTCGACAATG
AGTGGGGCACGCTGGGGATCTGCGAGTTTCCGTTTCGTTCCGGTTGTGGACGGTGCCTTCT
CGATGAGACACCGCAGCGTTTCGTTGGCCAGCGGTGCTTCAAGAAAACGGACATCCTGACC
GGCAGCAACACCGAGGAGGGTTACTACTTTATCATTTACTATCTAACCGAACCTGCTCAGGAA
AGAGGAAGGGGTACGGTAACACGCGAGGAGTTCCTACAGGCCGTCCGGGAGTTGAATCC
GTACGTGAACGGTGCCGCCCGGCAGGCCATCGTGTTCGAGTACACGGAATGATCGAACCC
GGACAACCCGAACAGCAACCGTGACGCGCTCGACAAGATGGTTCGGGGATTATCACTTCACC
TGCAACGTGAACGAGTTCGCCCAGCGGTACGCCGAGGAGGGCAACAATGTGTTCATGTACC
TGTACACGCACAGAAGCAAGGAAATCCCTGGCCGAGGTGGACTGGCGTGATGCACGGCG
ACGAGATCAACTACGTGTTTTGGCGAACCGCTGAACTCGGCCCTCGGCTACCAGGACGACGA
GAAGGACTTTAGCCGGAAAATTATGCGATACTGGTCCAACCTTTGCCAAGACTGGCAATCCAA
ACCCGAGTACGCCGAGCGTGGACCTGCCCGAATGGCCCAAGCACACCCGCCACGGACGAC
ACTATCTGGAGCTGGGACTGAACACGACCTTCGTGGGACGGGGCCACGATTGCGGCAGT
GCGCTTTCTGGAAGAAATATTTGCCGCAACTAGTAGCAGCTACCTCTAACCTCCAAGTAACT
CCCGCGCCTAGCGTACCTTGCGAAAGCAGCTCAACATCTTATCGATCCACTCTACTTCTAAT
AGTCACACTACTTTTAGTAACGCGGTTCAAGATTTAA

SR Protein Sequence

MEIRGLITRLLGPCHLRHLILCSLGLYSILVQSVHCRHHDIGSSVAHQLG 50
SKYSQSSSLSSSSQSSSSLAEATLNKDSDAFFTPYIGHGDSVRIVDAEL 100
GTLEREHIHSTTTTRRRGLTRRESSDATDSDPLVITTDKGKIRGTTLEAP 150
SGKKVDAMWGIPIYAQPPLGPLRFRHPRPAERWTGVLNATKPPNSCVQIVD 200
TVFGDFPGATMWNPNTPLESDCLYINVVPRPRPKNAAVMLWIFGGSFY 250
GTATLDVYDHRTLASEENVIVVSLQYRVASLGFLFLGTPEAPGNAGLFDQ 300
NLALRWVRDNIHRFGGDPSRVTLFGESAGAVSVSLHLLSALSRDLFQRAI 350
LQSGSPTAPWALVSREEATLRALRLAEAVNCPHDATKLSDAVECLRTKDP 400
NELVDNEWGTLGICEFPFVVDGAFLDETPQRSASGRFKKTDILTGSN 450
TEEGYFYIYYLTELRLKEEGVTVTREEFLQAVRELNPNYVNGAARQAIVF 500
EYTDWIEPDNPNNSNRDALDKMVG DYHFTCNVNEFAQRYAEEGNNVFMVLY 550
THRSKGNPWPRWTGVMHGDEINYVFGEPLNSALGYQDDEKDFSRKIMRYW 600
SNFAKTGNPNPSTPSVDLPEWPKHTAHGRHYLELGLNTTFVGRGPRLRQC 650
AFWKYLPQLVAATSNLQVTPAPSVPCSSSTSyrSTLLLIVTLLLVTRF 700
KI*

SLA-B	A T G G A G A T C C G A G G C C T A A T A A C C C	G A T T A C T G G G T C C A T G T C A C C T G C G	
SR	A T G G A G A T C C G A G G C C T A A T A A C C C	G A T T A C T G G G T C C A T G T C A C C T G C G	50
SLA-B	A C A T C T G A T A C T G T G C A G T T T G G G G	C T G T A C T C C A T C C T C G T G C A G T C G G	
SR	A C A T C T G A T A C T G T G C A G T T T G G G G	C T G T A C T C C A T C C T C G T G C A G T C G G	100
SLA-B	T C C A T T G C C G G C A T C A T G A C A T C G G	T A G T T C G G T G G C A C A C C A G C T A G G A	
SR	T C C A T T G C C G G C A T C A T G A C A T C G G	T A G T T C G G T G G C A C A C C A G C T A G G A	150
SLA-B	T C G A A A T A C T C A C A A T C A T C C T C G T	T A T C G T C A T C C T C G C A A T C G T C A T C	
SR	T C G A A A T A C T C A C A A T C A T C C T C G T	T A T C G T C A T C C T C G C A A T C G T C A T C	200
SLA-B	G T C G T T A G C T G A A G A G G C C A C G C T G	A A T A A A G A T T C A G A T G C A T T T T T T A	
SR	G T C G T T A G C T G A A G A G G C C A C G C T G	A A T A A A G A T T C A G A T G C A T T T T T T A	250
SLA-B	C A C C A T A T A T A G G T C A C G G A G A T T C	T G T T C G A A T T G T A G A T G C C G A A T T A	
SR	C A C C A T A T A T A G G T C A C G G A G A T T C	T G T T C G A A T T G T A G A T G C C G A A T T A	300
SLA-B	G G T A C A T T A G A G C G C G A G C A T A T C C	A T A G C A C T A C G A C C C G G C G G C G T G G	
SR	G G T A C A T T A G A G C G C G A G C A T A T C C	A T A G C A C T A C G A C C C G G C G G C G T G G	350
SLA-B	C C T G A C C C G G A G G G A G T C C A G C T C C	G A T G C C A C C G A C T C G G A C C C A C T G G	
SR	C C T G A C C C G G A G G G A G T C C A G C T C C	G A T G C C A C C G A C T C G G A C C C A C T G G	400
SLA-B	T C A T A A C G A C G G A C A A G G G C A A A A T	C C G T G G A A C G A C A C T G G A A G C G C C T	
SR	T A A T A A C G A C G G A C A A G G G C A A A A T	C C G T G G A A C G A C A C T G G A A G C G C C A	450
SLA-B	A G T G G A A A G A A G G T G G A C G C A T G G A	T G G G C A T T C C G T A C G C G C A G C C C C C	
SR	A G T G G A A A G A A G G T G G A C G C A T G G A	T G G G C A T T C C G T A C G C G C A G C C C C C	500
SLA-B	G C T G G G T C C G C T C C G G T T T C G A C A T	C C G C G A C C C G C C G A A A G A T G G A C C G	
SR	G C T G G G T C C G C T C C G G T T T C G A C A T	C C G C G A C C C G C C G A A A G A T G G A C C G	550
SLA-B	G T G T G C T G A A C G C G A C C A A A C C G C C	C A A C T C C T G C G T C C A G A T C G T G G A C	
SR	G T G T G C T G A A C G C G A C C A A A C C A C C	C A A C T C C T G C G T C C A G A T C G T G G A C	600
SLA-B	A C C G T G T T C G G T G A C T T C C C G G G G G	C C A C C A T G T G G A A C C C G A A C A C A C C	
SR	A C C G T G T T C G G T G A C T T C C C G G G C G	C G A C C A T G T G G A A C C C G A A C A C A C C	650
SLA-B	G C T C T C G G A G G A C T G T C T G T A C A T C	A A C G T G G T C G T G C C A C G G C C C A G G C	
SR	C C T C T C G G A G G A C T G T C T G T A C A T C	A A C G T G G T C G T G C C A A G G C C G A G G C	700
SLA-B	C C A A G A A T G C C G C C G T C A T G C T G T G	G A T C T T C G G G G G T G G C T T C T A C T C C	
SR	C C A A G A A T G C C G C T G T C A T G C T G T G	G A T C T T T G G G G G T A G C T T C T A C T C C	750

SLA-B	G G G A C T G C C A C G C T G G A C G T G T A C G	A C C A T C G G A C G C T G G C C T C G G A G G A	
SR	G G G A C T G C C A C G T T G G A C G T G T A C G	A T C A T C G G A C G C T G G C C T C G G A G G A	800
SLA-B	G A A C G T G A T C G T A G T T T C G C T G C A G	T A C C G T G T C G C A A G T C T T G G G T T T C	
SR	G A A C G T G A T C G T G G T T T C G C T G C A G	T A C C G T G T C G C A A G T C T T G G T T T T C	850
SLA-B	T C T T C C T G G G C A C A C C G G A G G C A C C	C G G T A A C G C G G G G C T G T T T G A T C A G	
SR	T C T T C C T G G G C A C T C C G G A G G C A C C	T G G T A A C G C G G G G C T G T T T G A T C A G	900
SLA-B	A A C C T G G C A C T G A G A T G G G T C C G C G	A C A A C A T C C A C C G G T T C G G C G G T G A	
SR	A A C C T G G C A C T G A G A T G G G T C C G C G	A C A A C A T C C A C C G G T T C G G C G G T G A	950
SLA-B	C C C C T C G C G G G T C A C A C T G T T C G G C	G A G A G C G C C G G A G C G G T C T C G G T T T	
SR	C C C C T C G C G G G T C A C A C T G T T C G G C	G A G A G C G C C G G A G C G G T C T C G G T T T	1000
SLA-B	C G C T G C A C C T G C T G T C G G C G C T C T C	G C G G G A C C T G T T C C A G C G G G C C A T C	
SR	C G C T G C A C C T G C T G T C G G C G C T C T C	G C G G G A C C T G T T C C A G C G G G C C A T C	1050
SLA-B	C T C C A G A G T G G C T C C C C G A C G G C C C	C G T G G G C G C T G G T T T C G C G C G A A G A	
SR	C T C C A G A G T G G C T C C C C G A C G G C C C	C A T G G G C G C T G G T T T C G C G C G A A G A	1100
SLA-B	A G C T A C G C T T A G A G C T C T T C G T C T G	G C C G A G G C C G T C A A C T G T C C G C A C G	
SR	A G C T A C G C T T A G A G C T C T T C G T C T G	G C C G A G G C C G T C A A C T G T C C G C A C G	1150
SLA-B	A T G C G A C C A A G C T G A G C G A T G C C G T	C G A A T G C C T G C G A A C C A A G G A T C C G	
SR	A T G C G A C C A A G C T G A G C G A T G C C G T	C G A A T G T C T G C G A A C C A A G G A T C C G	1200
SLA-B	A A C G A G C T G G T C G A C A A C G A G T G G G	G C A C G C T G G G G A T C T G C G A G T T T C C	
SR	A A C G A G C T G G T C G A C A A T G A G T G G G	G C A C G C T G G G G A T C T G C G A G T T T C C	1250
SLA-B	G T T C G T T C C G G T T G T G G A C G G A G C C	T T C C T C G A T G A G A C A C C G C A G C G T T	
SR	G T T C G T T C C G G T T G T G G A C G G T G C C	T T C C T C G A T G A G A C A C C G C A G C G T T	1300
SLA-B	C G T T G G C C A G C G G G C G C T T C A A G A A	A A C G G A C A T C C T G A C C G G C A G C A A C	
SR	C G T T G G C C A G C G G T C G C T T C A A G A A	A A C G G A C A T C C T G A C C G G C A G C A A C	1350
SLA-B	A C C G A G G A G G G T T A C T A C T T T A T C A	T T T A C T A T C T A A C C G A A C T G C T C A G	
SR	A C C G A G G A G G G T T A C T A C T T T A T C A	T T T A C T A T C T A A C C G A A C T G C T C A G	1400
SLA-B	G A A A G A G G A A G G G G T C A C G G T A A C A	C G C G A G G A G T T C C T A C A G G C C G T C C	
SR	G A A A G A G G A A G G G G T C A C G G T A A C A	C G C G A G G A G T T C C T A C A G G C C G T C C	1450
SLA-B	G G G A G T T G A A T C C G T A C G T G A A C G G	T G C C G C C C G G C A G G C C A T C G T G T T C	
SR	G G G A G T T G A A T C C G T A C G T G A A C G G	T G C C G C C C G G C A G G C C A T C G T G T T C	1500

SLA-B	G A G T A C A C G G A C T G G A T T G A A C C G G	A C A A C C C G A A C A G C A A C C G T G A C G C	
SR	G A G T A C A C G G A C T G G A T C G A A C C G G	A C A A C C C G A A C A G C A A C C G T G A C G C	1550
SLA-B	G C T G G A C A A G A T G G T C G G G G A T T A T	C A C T T C A C C T G C A A C G T G A A C G A A T	
SR	G C T C G A C A A G A T G G T C G G G G A T T A T	C A C T T C A C C T G C A A C G T G A A C G A G T	1600
SLA-B	T C G C C C A G C G G T A C G C C G A G G A G G G	C A A C A A C G T G T T C A T G T A C C T G T A C	
SR	T C G C C C A G C G G T A C G C C G A G G A G G G	C A A C A A T G T G T T C A T G T A C C T G T A C	1650
SLA-B	A C G C A C A G A A G C A A A G G A A A T C C C T	G G C C G A G G T G G A C C G G C G T G A T G C A	
SR	A C G C A C A G A A G C A A A G G A A A T C C C T	G G C C G A G G T G G A C T G G C G T G A T G C A	1700
SLA-B	C G G C G A C G A G A T C A A C T A C G T G T T T	G G C G A A C C G C T G A A C T C G G C C C T C G	
SR	C G G C G A C G A G A T C A A C T A C G T G T T T	G G C G A A C C G C T G A A C T C G G C C C T C G	1750
SLA-B	G C T A C C A G G A C G A C G A G A A G G A C T T	T A G C C G G A A A A T T A T G C G A T A C T G G	
SR	G C T A C C A G G A C G A C G A G A A G G A C T T	T A G C C G G A A A A T T A T G C G A T A C T G G	1800
SLA-B	T C C A A C T T T T G C C A A G A C T G G C A A T C	C C A A C C C G A G T A C G C C G A G C G T G G A	
SR	T C C A A C T T T T G C C A A G A C T G G C A A T C	C A A A C C C G A G T A C G C C G A G C G T G G A	1850
SLA-B	C C T G C C C G A A T G G C C C A A G C A C A C C	G C C C A C G G A C G A C A C T A T C T G G A G C	
SR	C C T G C C C G A A T G G C C C A A G C A C A C C	G C C C A C G G A C G A C A C T A T C T G G A G C	1900
SLA-B	T G G G A C T G A A C A C G A C C T T C G T G G G	A C G G G G C C C A C G A T T G C G G C A G T G C	
SR	T G G G A C T G A A C A C G A C C T T C G T G G G	A C G G G G C C C A C G A T T G C G G C A G T G C	1950
SLA-B	G C T T T C T G G A A G A A A T A T T T G C C G C	A A C T A G T A G C A G C T A C C T C T A A C C T	
SR	G C T T T C T G G A A G A A A T A T T T G C C G C	A A C T A G T A G C A G C T A C C T C T A A C C T	2000
SLA-B	C C A A G T A A C T C C C G C G C C T A G C G T A	C C T T G C G A A A G C A G C T C A A C A T C T T	
SR	C C A A G T A A C T C C C G C G C C T A G C G T A	C C T T G C G A A A G C A G C T C A A C A T C T T	2050
SLA-B	A T C G A T C C A C T C T A C T T C T A A T A G T	C A C A C T A C T T T T A G T A A C G C G G T T C	
SR	A T C G A T C C A C T C T A C T T C T A A T A G T	C A C A C T A C T T T T A G T A A C G C G G T T C	2100
SLA-B	A A G A T T T A A		
SR	A A G A T T T A A		

SLA-B	A T G G A G A T C C G A G G C C T A A T A A C C C	G A T T A C T G G G T C C A T G T C A C C T G C G	
SR	A T G G A G A T C C G A G G C C T A A T A A C C C	G A T T A C T G G G T C C A T G T C A C C T G C G	50
SLA-B	A C A T C T G A T A C T G T G C A G T T T G G G G	C T G T A C T C C A T C C T C G T G C A G T C G G	
SR	A C A T C T G A T A C T G T G C A G T T T G G G G	C T G T A C T C C A T C C T C G T G C A G T C G G	100
SLA-B	T C C A T T G C C G G C A T C A T G A C A T C G G	T A G T T C G G T G G C A C A C C A G C T A G G A	
SR	T C C A T T G C C G G C A T C A T G A C A T C G G	T A G T T C G G T G G C A C A C C A G C T A G G A	150
SLA-B	T C G A A A T A C T C A C A A T C A T C C T C G T	T A T C G T C A T C C T C G C A A T C G T C A T C	
SR	T C G A A A T A C T C A C A A T C A T C C T C G T	T A T C G T C A T C C T C G C A A T C G T C A T C	200
SLA-B	G T C G T T A G C T G A A G A G G C C A C G C T G	A A T A A A G A T T C A G A T G C A T T T T T T A	
SR	G T C G T T A G C T G A A G A G G C C A C G C T G	A A T A A A G A T T C A G A T G C A T T T T T T A	250
SLA-B	C A C C A T A T A T A G G T C A C G G A G A T T C	T G T T C G A A T T G T A G A T G C C G A A T T A	
SR	C A C C A T A T A T A G G T C A C G G A G A T T C	T G T T C G A A T T G T A G A T G C C G A A T T A	300
SLA-B	G G T A C A T T A G A G C G C G A G C A T A T C C	A T A G C A C T A C G A C C C G G C G G C G T G G	
SR	G G T A C A T T A G A G C G C G A G C A T A T C C	A T A G C A C T A C G A C C C G G C G G C G T G G	350
SLA-B	C C T G A C C C G G A G G G A G T C C A G C T C C	G A T G C C A C C G A C T C G G A C C C A C T G G	
SR	C C T G A C C C G G A G G G A G T C C A G C T C C	G A T G C C A C C G A C T C G G A C C C A C T G G	400
SLA-B	T C A T A A C G A C G G A C A A G G G C A A A A T	C C G T G G A A C G A C A C T G G A A G C G C C T	
SR	T A A T A A C G A C G G A C A A G G G C A A A A T	C C G T G G A A C G A C A C T G G A A G C G C C A	450
SLA-B	A G T G G A A A G A A G G T G G A C G C A T G G A	T G G G C A T T C C G T A C G C G C A G C C C C C	
SR	A G T G G A A A G A A G G T G G A C G C A T G G A	T G G G C A T T C C G T A C G C G C A G C C C C C	500
SLA-B	G C T G G G T C C G C T C C G G T T T C G A C A T	C C G C G A C C C G C C G A A A G A T G G A C C G	
SR	G C T G G G T C C G C T C C G G T T T C G A C A T	C C G C G A C C C G C C G A A A G A T G G A C C G	550
SLA-B	G T G T G C T G A A C G C G A C C A A A C C G C C	C A A C T C C T G C G T C C A G A T C G T G G A C	
SR	G T G T G C T G A A C G C G A C C A A A C C A C C	C A A C T C C T G C G T C C A G A T C G T G G A C	600
SLA-B	A C C G T G T T C G G T G A C T T C C C G G G G G	C C A C C A T G T G G A A C C C G A A C A C A C C	
SR	A C C G T G T T C G G T G A C T T C C C G G G C G	C G A C C A T G T G G A A C C C G A A C A C A C C	650
SLA-B	G C T C T C G G A G G A C T G T C T G T A C A T C	A A C G T G G T C G T G C C A C G G C C C A G G C	
SR	C C T C T C G G A G G A C T G T C T G T A C A T C	A A C G T G G T C G T G C C A A G G C C G A G G C	700
SLA-B	C C A A G A A T G C C G C C G T C A T G C T G T G	G A T C T T C G G G G G T G G C T T C T A C T C C	
SR	C C A A G A A T G C C G C T G T C A T G C T G T G	G A T C T T T G G G G G T A G C T T C T A C T C C	750

SLA-B	G G G A C T G C C A C G C T G G A C G T G T A C G	A C C A T C G G A C G C T G G C C T C G G A G G A	
SR	G G G A C T G C C A C G T T G G A C G T G T A C G	A T C A T C G G A C G C T G G C C T C G G A G G A	800
SLA-B	G A A C G T G A T C G T A G T T T C G C T G C A G	T A C C G T G T C G C A A G T C T T G G G T T T C	
SR	G A A C G T G A T C G T G G T T T C G C T G C A G	T A C C G T G T C G C A A G T C T T G G T T T T C	850
SLA-B	T C T T C C T G G G C A C A C C G G A G G C A C C	C G G T A A C G C G G G G C T G T T T G A T C A G	
SR	T C T T C C T G G G C A C T C C G G A G G C A C C	T G G T A A C G C G G G G C T G T T T G A T C A G	900
SLA-B	A A C C T G G C A C T G A G A T G G G T C C G C G	A C A A C A T C C A C C G G T T C G G C G G T G A	
SR	A A C C T G G C A C T G A G A T G G G T C C G C G	A C A A C A T C C A C C G G T T C G G C G G T G A	950
SLA-B	C C C C T C G C G G G T C A C A C T G T T C G G C	G A G A G C G C C G G A G C G G T C T C G G T T T	
SR	C C C C T C G C G G G T C A C A C T G T T C G G C	G A G A G C G C C G G A G C G G T C T C G G T T T	1000
SLA-B	C G C T G C A C C T G C T G T C G G C G C T C T C	G C G G G A C C T G T T C C A G C G G G C C A T C	
SR	C G C T G C A C C T G C T G T C G G C G C T C T C	G C G G G A C C T G T T C C A G C G G G C C A T C	1050
SLA-B	C T C C A G A G T G G C T C C C C G A C G G C C C	C G T G G G C G C T G G T T T C G C G C G A A G A	
SR	C T C C A G A G T G G C T C C C C G A C G G C C C	C A T G G G C G C T G G T T T C G C G C G A A G A	1100
SLA-B	A G C T A C G C T T A G A G C T C T T C G T C T G	G C C G A G G C C G T C A A C T G T C C G C A C G	
SR	A G C T A C G C T T A G A G C T C T T C G T C T G	G C C G A G G C C G T C A A C T G T C C G C A C G	1150
SLA-B	A T G C G A C C A A G C T G A G C G A T G C C G T	C G A A T G C C T G C G A A C C A A G G A T C C G	
SR	A T G C G A C C A A G C T G A G C G A T G C C G T	C G A A T G T C T G C G A A C C A A G G A T C C G	1200
SLA-B	A A C G A G C T G G T C G A C A A C G A G T G G G	G C A C G C T G G G G A T C T G C G A G T T T C C	
SR	A A C G A G C T G G T C G A C A A T G A G T G G G	G C A C G C T G G G G A T C T G C G A G T T T C C	1250
SLA-B	G T T C G T T C C G G T T G T G G A C G G A G C C	T T C C T C G A T G A G A C A C C G C A G C G T T	
SR	G T T C G T T C C G G T T G T G G A C G G T G C C	T T C C T C G A T G A G A C A C C G C A G C G T T	1300
SLA-B	C G T T G G C C A G C G G G C G C T T C A A G A A	A A C G G A C A T C C T G A C C G G C A G C A A C	
SR	C G T T G G C C A G C G G T C G C T T C A A G A A	A A C G G A C A T C C T G A C C G G C A G C A A C	1350
SLA-B	A C C G A G G A G G G T T A C T A C T T T A T C A	T T T A C T A T C T A A C C G A A C T G C T C A G	
SR	A C C G A G G A G G G T T A C T A C T T T A T C A	T T T A C T A T C T A A C C G A A C T G C T C A G	1400
SLA-B	G A A A G A G G A A G G G G T C A C G G T A A C A	C G C G A G G A G T T C C T A C A G G C C G T C C	
SR	G A A A G A G G A A G G G G T C A C G G T A A C A	C G C G A G G A G T T C C T A C A G G C C G T C C	1450
SLA-B	G G G A G T T G A A T C C G T A C G T G A A C G G	T G C C G C C C G G C A G G C C A T C G T G T T C	
SR	G G G A G T T G A A T C C G T A C G T G A A C G G	T G C C G C C C G G C A G G C C A T C G T G T T C	1500

Key	DNA Alignment of Acetylcholinesterase Gene -SLA-B (sensitive to insecticides) and SR (resistant to insecticides)		3
SLA-B	G A G T A C A C G G A C T G G A T T G A A C C G G	A C A A C C C G A A C A G C A A C C G T G A C G C	
SR	G A G T A C A C G G A C T G G A T C G A A C C G G	A C A A C C C G A A C A G C A A C C G T G A C G C	1550
SLA-B	G C T G G A C A A G A T G G T C G G G G A T T A T	C A C T T C A C C T G C A A C G T G A A C G A A T	
SR	G C T C G A C A A G A T G G T C G G G G A T T A T	C A C T T C A C C T G C A A C G T G A A C G A G T	1600
SLA-B	T C G C C C A G C G G T A C G C C G A G G A G G G	C A A C A A C G T G T T C A T G T A C C T G T A C	
SR	T C G C C C A G C G G T A C G C C G A G G A G G G	C A A C A A T G T G T T C A T G T A C C T G T A C	1650
SLA-B	A C G C A C A G A A G C A A A G G A A A T C C C T	G G C C G A G G T G G A C C G G C G T G A T G C A	
SR	A C G C A C A G A A G C A A A G G A A A T C C C T	G G C C G A G G T G G A C T G G C G T G A T G C A	1700
SLA-B	C G G C G A C G A G A T C A A C T A C G T G T T T	G G C G A A C C G C T G A A C T C G G C C C T C G	
SR	C G G C G A C G A G A T C A A C T A C G T G T T T	G G C G A A C C G C T G A A C T C G G C C C T C G	1750
SLA-B	G C T A C C A G G A C G A C G A G A A G G A C T T	T A G C C G G A A A A T T A T G C G A T A C T G G	
SR	G C T A C C A G G A C G A C G A G A A G G A C T T	T A G C C G G A A A A T T A T G C G A T A C T G G	1800
SLA-B	T C C A A C T T T G C C A A G A C T G G C A A T C	C C A A C C C G A G T A C G C C G A G C G T G G A	
SR	T C C A A C T T T G C C A A G A C T G G C A A T C	C A A A C C C G A G T A C G C C G A G C G T G G A	1850
SLA-B	C C T G C C C G A A T G G C C C A A G C A C A C C	G C C C A C G G A C G A C A C T A T C T G G A G C	
SR	C C T G C C C G A A T G G C C C A A G C A C A C C	G C C C A C G G A C G A C A C T A T C T G G A G C	1900
SLA-B	T G G G A C T G A A C A C G A C C T T C G T G G G	A C G G G G C C C A C G A T T G C G G C A G T G C	
SR	T G G G A C T G A A C A C G A C C T T C G T G G G	A C G G G G C C C A C G A T T G C G G C A G T G C	1950
SLA-B	G C T T T C T G G A A G A A A T A T T T G C C G C	A A C T A G T A G C A G C T A C C T C T A A C C T	
SR	G C T T T C T G G A A G A A A T A T T T G C C G C	A A C T A G T A G C A G C T A C C T C T A A C C T	2000
SLA-B	C C A A G T A A C T C C C G C G C C T A G C G T A	C C T T G C G A A A G C A G C T C A A C A T C T T	
SR	C C A A G T A A C T C C C G C G C C T A G C G T A	C C T T G C G A A A G C A G C T C A A C A T C T T	2050
SLA-B	A T C G A T C C A C T C T A C T T C T A A T A G T	C A C A C T A C T T T T A G T A A C G C G G T T C	
SR	A T C G A T C C A C T C T A C T T C T A A T A G T	C A C A C T A C T T T T A G T A A C G C G G T T C	2100
SLA-B	A A G A T T T A A		
SR	A A G A T T T A A		2125

Alignment of SLA-B and SR protein sequences

99.9% identity in 702 residues overlap; Score: 3713.0; Gap frequency: 0.0%

SLA-B, SR,	1 MEIRGLITRLLGPCHLRHLILCSLGLYSILVQSVHCRHHDIGSSVAHQLGSKYSQSSSL 1 MEIRGLITRLLGPCHLRHLILCSLGLYSILVQSVHCRHHDIGSSVAHQLGSKYSQSSSL
SLA-B, SR,	61 SSSQSSSSLAEEATLNKDSDAFFTPYIGHGDSVRIVDAELGTLEREHIHSTTTTRRRGLTR 61 SSSQSSSSLAEEATLNKDSDAFFTPYIGHGDSVRIVDAELGTLEREHIHSTTTTRRRGLTR
SLA-B, SR,	121 RESSSDATDSDPLVITTDKGKIRGTTLEAPSGKKVDAWMGIPYAQPPLGPLRFRHPRPAE 121 RESSSDATDSDPLVITTDKGKIRGTTLEAPSGKKVDAWMGIPYAQPPLGPLRFRHPRPAE
SLA-B, SR,	181 RWTGVLNATKPPNSCVQIVDTVFGDFPGATMWNPNTPLEDCLYINVVVRPRPRPKNAAVM 181 RWTGVLNATKPPNSCVQIVDTVFGDFPGATMWNPNTPLEDCLYINVVVRPRPRPKNAAVM
SLA-B, SR,	241 LWIFGGGFYSGTATLDVYDHRTLASEENVIVVSLQYRVASLGFLFLGTPEAPGNAGLFDQ 241 LWIFGGSFYSGTATLDVYDHRTLASEENVIVVSLQYRVASLGFLFLGTPEAPGNAGLFDQ
SLA-B, SR,	301 NLALRWVRDNIHRFGGDPSRVTLFGESAGAVSVSLHLLSALSRDLFQRAILQSGSPTAPW 301 NLALRWVRDNIHRFGGDPSRVTLFGESAGAVSVSLHLLSALSRDLFQRAILQSGSPTAPW
SLA-B, SR,	361 ALVSREEATLRALRLAEAVNCPHDATKLSDAVECLRTKDPNELVDNEWGTLGICEFPFVP 361 ALVSREEATLRALRLAEAVNCPHDATKLSDAVECLRTKDPNELVDNEWGTLGICEFPFVP
SLA-B, SR,	421 VVDGAFLDETPQRSLASGRFKKTDILTGSNTEEGYYFIIYYLTELLRKEEGVTVTREEFL 421 VVDGAFLDETPQRSLASGRFKKTDILTGSNTEEGYYFIIYYLTELLRKEEGVTVTREEFL

SLA-B,
SR,

481 QAVRELNPYVNGAARQAIVFEYTDWIEPDNPNSNRDALDKMVG DYHFTCNVNEFAQRYAE
481 QAVRELNPYVNGAARQAIVFEYTDWIEPDNPNSNRDALDKMVG DYHFTCNVNEFAQRYAE

SLA-B,
SR,

541 EGNNVFM YLYTHRSKGNPWPRWTGVMHGDEIN YVFGEPLNSALGYQDDEKDFSRKIMRYW
541 EGNNVFM YLYTHRSKGNPWPRWTGVMHGDEIN YVFGEPLNSALGYQDDEKDFSRKIMRYW

SLA-B,
SR,

601 SNFAKTGNPNPSTPSVDLPEWPKHTAHGRHYLELGLNTTFVGRGPRLRQCAFWKKYLPQL
601 SNFAKTGNPNPSTPSVDLPEWPKHTAHGRHYLELGLNTTFVGRGPRLRQCAFWKKYLPQL

SLA-B,
SR,

661 VAATSNLQVTPAPSVPCESSTSYRSTLLLIVTLLLVTFRKI
661 VAATSNLQVTPAPSVPCESSTSYRSTLLLIVTLLLVTFRKI

Alignment of SLA-B and SR protein sequences - KEY

99.9% identity in 702 residues overlap; Score: 3713.0; Gap frequency: 0.0%

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SLA-B,      1 MEIRGLITRLLGPCHLRHLILCSLGLYSILVQSVHCRHHDIGSSVAHQLGSKYSQSSSL
SR,          1 MEIRGLITRLLGPCHLRHLILCSLGLYSILVQSVHCRHHDIGSSVAHQLGSKYSQSSSL
              *****

SLA-B,      61 SSSQSSSSLAEEATLNKSDAFFTPYIGHGDSVRIVDAELGTLEREHIHSTTTTTRRRGLTR
SR,          61 SSSQSSSSLAEEATLNKSDAFFTPYIGHGDSVRIVDAELGTLEREHIHSTTTTTRRRGLTR
              *****

SLA-B,     121 RESSDATDSDPLVITTDKGKIRGTTLEAPSGKKVDAWMGIPYAQPPLGPLRFRHPRPAE
SR,        121 RESSDATDSDPLVITTDKGKIRGTTLEAPSGKKVDAWMGIPYAQPPLGPLRFRHPRPAE
              *****

SLA-B,     181 RWTGVLNATKPPNSCVQIVDTVFGDFPGATMWNPNTPLEDCLYINVVPRPRPKNAAVM
SR,        181 RWTGVLNATKPPNSCVQIVDTVFGDFPGATMWNPNTPLEDCLYINVVPRPRPKNAAVM
              *****

SLA-B,     241 LWIFGGGFYSGTATLDVYDHRTLASEENVIVVSLQYRVASLGFLFLGTPEAPGNAGLFDQ
SR,        241 LWIFGGGFYSGTATLDVYDHRTLASEENVIVVSLQYRVASLGFLFLGTPEAPGNAGLFDQ
              *****

SLA-B,     301 NLALRWVRDNIHRFGGDP SRVTLFGESAGAVSVSLHLLSALS RDLFQRAILQSGSPTAPW
SR,        301 NLALRWVRDNIHRFGGDP SRVTLFGESAGAVSVSLHLLSALS RDLFQRAILQSGSPTAPW
              *****

SLA-B,     361 ALVSREEATLRALRLAEAVNCPHDATKLSDAVECLRTKDPNELVDNEWGTLGICEFPFVP
SR,        361 ALVSREEATLRALRLAEAVNCPHDATKLSDAVECLRTKDPNELVDNEWGTLGICEFPFVP
              *****

SLA-B,     421 VVDGAFLDETPQRSLASGRFKKTDILTGSNTEEGYFFIIYYL TELLRKEEGVTVTREEFL
SR,        421 VVDGAFLDETPQRSLASGRFKKTDILTGSNTEEGYFFIIYYL TELLRKEEGVTVTREEFL
              *****
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SLA-B,
SR,

481 QAVRELNPYVNGAARQAIVFEYTDWIEPDNPNSNRDALDKMVG DYHFTCNVNEFAQRYAE
481 QAVRELNPYVNGAARQAIVFEYTDWIEPDNPNSNRDALDKMVG DYHFTCNVNEFAQRYAE

SLA-B,
SR,

541 EGNNVFM YLYTHRSKGNPWPRWTGVMHGDEIN YVFGEPLNSALGYQDDEKDFS RKIMRYW
541 EGNNVFM YLYTHRSKGNPWPRWTGVMHGDEIN YVFGEPLNSALGYQDDEKDFS RKIMRYW

SLA-B,
SR,

601 SNFAKTGNPNPSTPSVDLPEWPKHTAHGRHYLELGLNTTFVGRGPRLRQCAFWKKYLPQL
601 SNFAKTGNPNPSTPSVDLPEWPKHTAHGRHYLELGLNTTFVGRGPRLRQCAFWKKYLPQL

SLA-B,
SR,

661 VAATSNLQVTPAPSVPCESSTSYRSTLLLIVTLLL VTRFKI
661 VAATSNLQVTPAPSVPCESSTSYRSTLLLIVTLLL VTRFKI

Analysis of location of mutations in SR acetylcholinesterase within codons

Acetylcholinesterase mRNA compared in SLA-B (sensitive to insecticides) and SR (resistant to insecticides). Nucleotides that differ between the two strands are listed by number. SLA-B condon sequences are listed on top, with SR sequences below, with the nucleotide which differs highlighted in red. Only one nucleotide difference, at base 739, results in a change in amino acid sequence, from glycine to serine. This residue is highlighted in yellow.

Nucleotide number	Codon	Nucleotide number	Codon	Nucleotide number	Codon	Nucleotide number	Codon
402	GUC GUA	696	CCC CCG	846	GGG GGU	1314	GGG GGU
450	CCU CCA	714	GCC GCU	864	ACA ACU	1518	AUU AUC
573	CCG CCA	732	UUC UUU	876	CCC CCU	1554	CUG CUC
624	GGG GGC	739	GGC AGC	1077	CCG CCA	1599	GAA GAG
627	GCC GCG	763	CUG UUG	1182	UGC UGU	1632	AAC AAU
651	CCG CCC	777	GAC GAU	1218	AAC AAU	1689	ACC ACU
691	CGG AGG	813	GUA GUG	1272	GGA GGU	1827	CCC CCA

Base	451					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S03	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S04	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S06 A	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S06 B	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S07	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S08	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S09	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S10	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S11	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S12	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S13	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S14	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S15	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S16	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S17	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S18	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S19	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
SLA-B	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
Resist.						
SR	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R01	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R02	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R03	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R04	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R05	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R06	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCTCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R07	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R08	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R09	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R10	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG

Base	511					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S03	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S04	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S06	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S06	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S07	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S08	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCAACCAAA
S09	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S10	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S11	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S12	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S13	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S14	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S15	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S16	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S17	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S18	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S19	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCACG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
SLA-B	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
Resist.						
SR	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R01	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R02	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R03	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R04	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R05	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R06	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R07	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R08	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R09	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R10	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA

Base	571					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S03	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S04	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S06	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S06	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S07	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S08	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S09	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S10	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S11	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S12	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S13	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S14	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S15	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S16	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S17	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACAGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S18	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S19	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACAGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
SLA-B	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
Resist.						
SR	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGCGCGACC
R01	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R02	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R03	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R04	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R05	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R06	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R07	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R08	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R09	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R10	CCGCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC

Base	631					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S03	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S04	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S06	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S06	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S07	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S08	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S09	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S10	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S11	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S12	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S13	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S14	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S15	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S16	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S17	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S18	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S19	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
SLA-B	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
Resist.						
SR	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R01	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R02	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R03	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R04	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R05	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R06	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R07	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R08	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R09	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R10	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA

Base	691					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S03	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S04	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S06	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S06	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S07	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S08	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S09	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S10	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S11	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S12	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S13	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTATTCC
S14	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S15	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
S16	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
S17	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S18	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
S19	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
SLA-B	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
Resist.						
SR	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R01	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R02	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R03	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R04	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R05	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R06	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R07	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R08	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R09	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC
R10	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCTGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TTGGGGGTAG	CTTCTACTCC

Base	751					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S03	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGA	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S04	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGA	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S06	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTATGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S06	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S07	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S08	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S09	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S10	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S11	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S12	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S13	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S14	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S15	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S16	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S17	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S18	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S19	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGACCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAAGA	GAACGTGATC
SLA-B	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
Resist.						
SR	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R01	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R02	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R03	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R04	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R05	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R06	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAC	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R07	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R08	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R09	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R10	GGGACTGCCA	CGTTGGACGT	GTACGATCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC

Base	811					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG		
S03	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S04	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S06	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S06	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG		
S07	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S08	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG		
S09	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG		
S10	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S11	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S12	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG		
S13	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG		
S14	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG		
S15	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S16	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S17	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S18	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
S19	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
SLA-B	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGGTTTC	TCTTCCTGGG	CACACCGGAG
Resist.						
SR	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGTTTTTC	TCTTCCTGGG	CACTCCGGAG
R01	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R02	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R03	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R04	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R05	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R06	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R07	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R08	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R09	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		
R10	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGT		

Base	451					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S03	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S04	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S06	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S06	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S07	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S08	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S09	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S10	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S11	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S12	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	CTGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S13	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S14	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S15	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S16	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S17	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S18	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
S19	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
SLA-B	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
Resist.						
SR	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R01	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R02	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R03	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R04	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R05	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R06	AGCGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCC TCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R07	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R08	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R09	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG
R10	AGTGGAAAGA	AGGTGGACGC	ATGGATGGGC	ATTCCGTACG	CGCAGCCCCC	GCTGGGTCCG

Base	511					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S03	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S04	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S06	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S06	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S07	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S08	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGC ^A ACCAAA
S09	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S10	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S11	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S12	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S13	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S14	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S15	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S16	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S17	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S18	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
S19	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCC ^A CG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
SLA-B	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
Resist.						
SR	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R01	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R02	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R03	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R04	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R05	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R06	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R07	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R08	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R09	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA
R10	CTCCGGTTTC	GACATCCGCG	ACCCGCCGAA	AGATGGACCG	GTGTGCTGAA	CGCGACCAAA

Base	571					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S03	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S04	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S06	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S06	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S07	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S08	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S09	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S10	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S11	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S12	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S13	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S14	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S15	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S16	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S17	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	AC ^A GTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S18	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
S19	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	AC ^A GTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
SLA-B	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
Resist.						
SR	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGCGCGACC
R01	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R02	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R03	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R04	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R05	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R06	CCGCCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R07	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R08	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R09	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC
R10	CC ^A CCCCAACT	CCTGCGTCCA	GATCGTGGAC	ACCGTGTTTCG	GTGACTTCCC	GGGGGCCACC

Base	631					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S03	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S04	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S06	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S06	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S07	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S08	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S09	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S10	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S11	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S12	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S13	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S14	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S15	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S16	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S17	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S18	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
S19	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
SLA-B	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
Resist.						
SR	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R01	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R02	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R03	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R04	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R05	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R06	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	GCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R07	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R08	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R09	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA
R10	ATGTGGAACC	CGAACACACC	CCTCTCGGAG	GACTGTCTGT	ACATCAACGT	GGTCGTGCCA

Base	691					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S03	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S04	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S06	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S06	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S07	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S08	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S09	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S10	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S11	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S12	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S13	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTA T TCC
S14	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S15	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S16	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S17	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S18	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
S19	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
SLA-B	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGTGG	CTTCTACTCC
Resist.						
SR	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R01	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R02	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R03	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R04	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R05	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R06	CGGCCCAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGCCGTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	TCGGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R07	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R08	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R09	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC
R10	AGGCCGAGGC	CCAAGAATGC	CGC T GTCATG	CTGTGGATCT	T T GGGGGT AG	CTTCTACTCC

Base	751					
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890
Sens.						
S01	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S03	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTG A	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S04	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTG A	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S06	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTAT T GACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S06	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S07	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S08	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S09	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S10	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S11	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S12	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S13	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S14	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S15	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S16	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S17	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S18	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
S19	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGACCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAAGA	GAACGTGATC
SLA-B	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
Resist.						
SR	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R01	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R02	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R03	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R04	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R05	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R06	GGGACTGCCA	CGCTGGACGT	GTACGACCA C	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R07	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R08	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R09	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC
R10	GGGACTGCCA	CG T TGGACGT	GTACGAT T CAT	CGGACGCTGG	CCTCGGAGGA	GAACGTGATC

Base	811						
	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
Sens.							
S01	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG			
S03	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S04	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S06	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S06	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG			
S07	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S08	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG			
S09	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG			
S10	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S11	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S12	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG			
S13	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG			
S14	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGG			
S15	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S16	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S17	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S18	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
S19	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
SLA-B	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGGGTTTC	TCTTCCTGGG	CACACCGGAG	
Resist.							
SR	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG TTTTC	TCTTCCTGGG	CAC TCCGGAG	
R01	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R02	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R03	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R04	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R05	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R06	GTAGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R07	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R08	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R09	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			
R10	GTGGTTTCGC	TGCAGTACCG	TGTCGCAAGT	CTTGG T			

Summary of all nucleotide differences among 30 strains of mosquito

Base	471	498	528	553	573	603	651	691	696	714	732	739	763	774	777	813	846
Sens.																	
S01	A	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
S03	A	T	G	G	A	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	T
S04	A	T	G	G	A	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	T
S06 A	C	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	T	C	A	T
S06 B	C	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
S07	A	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	T
S08	A	C	G	A	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
S09	C	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
S10	A	T	G	G	A	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	T
S11	A	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	T
S12	C	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
S13	A	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
S14	A	T	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
S15	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	G	T	C	T	G	T
S16	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	G	T	C	T	G	T
S17	A	C	G	G	A	A	C	A	G	T	C	G	T	C	T	G	T
S18	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	G	T	C	T	G	T
S19	A	C	A	G	A	A	C	A	G	T	T	G	T	C	C	G	T
SLA-B	A	C	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	G	C	C	C	A	G
Resist.																	
SR	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	A	T	C	T	G	T
R01	A	T	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	C	A	T
R02	A	T	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	C	A	T
R03	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	A	T	C	T	G	T
R04	A	T	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	C	A	T
R05	A	T	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	C	A	T
R06	A	T	G	G	G	C	G	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	C	A	T
R07	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	A	T	C	T	G	T
R08	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	A	T	C	T	G	T
R09	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	A	T	C	T	G	T
R10	A	C	G	G	A	C	C	A	G	T	T	A	T	C	T	G	T

Comparative genomics

Insecticide resistance in mosquito vectors

Resistance to insecticides among mosquitoes that act as vectors for malaria (*Anopheles gambiae*) and West Nile virus (*Culex pipiens*) emerged more than 25 years ago in Africa, America and Europe; this resistance is frequently due to a loss of sensitivity of the insect's acetylcholinesterase enzyme to organophosphates and carbamates¹. Here we show that this insensitivity results from a single amino-acid substitution in the enzyme, which we found in ten highly resistant strains of *C. pipiens* from tropical (Africa and Caribbean) and temperate (Europe) areas, as well as in one resistant African strain of *A. gambiae*. Our identification of this mutation may pave the way for designing new insecticides.

Acetylcholinesterase terminates synaptic transmission by hydrolysing the neurotransmitter acetylcholine; its inactivation by insecticides leads to paralysis and death. Mosquitoes, however, show widespread and strong resistance to this type of insecticide. They have two genes that encode different isoforms of acetylcholinesterase: *ace-1*, which has no homologue in the fruitfly *Drosophila melanogaster* and is closely linked to resistance in *C. pipiens*; and *ace-2*, a homologue of the unique *Drosophila ace* gene². The generally mild insensitivity of acetylcholinesterase-2 in *D. melanogaster* is due to the combined weak effect of several mutations³.

To identify mutations involved in resistance in mosquitoes, we determined the complete *ace-1* messenger RNA coding sequence of two *Culex pipiens* strains: one susceptible and one resistant (results not shown). *C. pipiens ace-1* encodes a putative 702-amino-acid protein, which is 81% identical to its *A. gambiae* homologue and 39% identical to *D. melanogaster* acetylcholinesterase-2. Complementary DNAs from the susceptible and resistant strains differ at 27 nucleotide positions, only one of

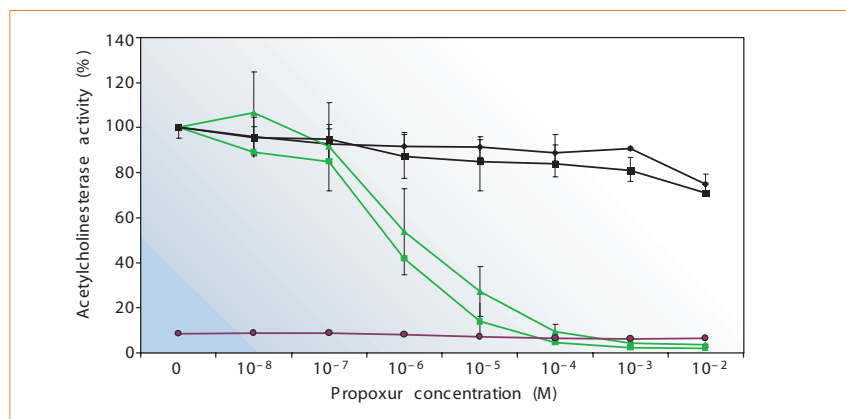


Figure 1 Residual acetylcholinesterase activity of susceptible (green squares) and resistant (black diamonds) mosquitoes assayed in homogenates and lysates from transfected S2 cells in the presence of increasing concentrations of the carbamate insecticide Propoxur. S2 cells were transfected with the recombinant pAc5.1/V5-His vector (Invitrogen) either alone (purple circles) or with either sensitive acetylcholinesterase-1 (green triangles) or insensitive G119S-mutant enzyme (black squares). Residual enzyme activities were assayed after incubation with Propoxur for 15 min (ref. 5). Three independent experiments were carried out using different volu-

which generates an amino-acid substitution: the GGC (glycine) codon at position 119, according to the nomenclature for *Torpedo* acetylcholinesterase¹, is replaced by an AGC (serine) codon in resistant mosquitoes (mutation G119S).

From three-dimensional modelling, we find that this mutated residue lies within the active 'gorge' of the enzyme, close to the catalytic site and abutting the oxyanion hole (results not shown). To evaluate the biochemical effect of the mutation *in vitro*, we assayed the catalytic properties and insecticidal sensitivity of wild-type and mutant recombinant acetylcholinesterase-1 that was expressed in S2 *Drosophila* cells. The G119S mutant showed the same insensitivity to Propoxur insecticide as resistant-strain acetylcholinesterase-1 (Fig. 1). A single mutation in *ace-1* must therefore be responsible for the insensitivity of the enzyme.

To determine whether the G119S mutation is present in other *C. pipiens* strains with insensitive acetylcholinesterase, we sequenced exon 3 of *ace-1* in several resistant and susceptible strains derived either from the temperate or the tropical/subtropical form of the *C. pipiens* species complex (*C. p. pipiens* and *C. p. quinquefasciatus*, respectively). All of the resistant strains carried the G119S substitution, regardless of their origin. Moreover, although 23 nucleotides were polymorphic, a unique haplotype was found to be associated with the resistance within each subspecies (see supplementary information). This indicates that the same G119S mutation has occurred independently at least twice in *C. pipiens*, once in each subspecies.

We also investigated the recent emergence of insensitive acetylcholinesterase in the main African malaria vector *Anopheles gambiae*⁴, with the use of the *ace-1* genomic sequences of a resistant (YAO) and a susceptible (KISUMU) strain. The coding

sequences differed at 18 nucleotide positions, two of them being non-synonymous. In the YAO strain, one mutation that resulted in the replacement of a valine residue by alanine in the amino-terminal region has no equivalent in *Torpedo* acetylcholinesterase and did not seem to affect the enzyme's catalytic properties (results not shown). The other was the same G119S substitution as in *C. pipiens* (results not shown), indicating that this single point mutation has occurred independently at least three times in the *ace-1* gene: twice in the *C. pipiens* complex and once in *A. gambiae*.

The discovery of the *ace-1* mutation that is responsible for insecticide resistance in mosquitoes opens the way to new strategies for pest management. The development of new insecticides that can specifically inhibit the G119S mutant form of acetylcholinesterase-1 will be crucial in overcoming the spread of resistance.

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						5	5	7	9	1	2	6	7	9	0	5	6	8	8	9	9	1	3	3	4	4	5	6	7	7	8	9	9	1	4
						0	3	1	8	3	8	4	3	7	3	1	0	1	4	1	6	4	2	9	1	7	6	3	4	7	0	0	8	3	6
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C. pipiens quinquefasciatus	Burkina Faso	R1	T	C	A	T	C	G	G	G	G	C	G	G	C	C	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	T	C	C	C	C	G	G	A	T			
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	Côte d'Ivoire	R3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
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	Martinique	R5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Brazil	R6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
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	China	S6	-	T	C	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Thailand	S7	-	T	C	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	India	S8	-	T	C	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
South Africa	S9	-	T	C	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G		
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Brazil	S13	-	T	-	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G		
French Polynesia	S14	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G		
C. pipiens pipiens	Tunisia	R7	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	-	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	Portugal	R8	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	-	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	Italy	R9	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	-	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	France	R10	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	-	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	Belgium	S15	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	G	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	Belgium	S16	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	G	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	Australia	S17	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	A	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	G	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	France	S18	A	T	-	C	-	-	A	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	A	G	T	T	G	-	-	T	-	T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	
	Holland	S19	A	T	-	C	-	A	-	A	-	A	C	-	-	-	A	G	T	-	G	-	-	T	-	-	T	-	A	G	-	-	-	-	
C. Torrentium			A	T	-	-	T	A	-	A	C	-	C	A	T	G	-	G	-	-	G	A	-	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	G	n

Figure S1. Nucleotide polymorphism in exon 3 of *ace-1* in *Culex pipiens* mosquitoes. Samples are listed according to subspecies (*C. p. pipiens* or *C. p. quinquefasciatus*), presence of insensitive AChE (Ri) or not (Si), and country of origin. Only polymorphic sites are indicated, and a dash indicates similarity with the top sequence. The position of the G119S mutation is boxed. *Culex torrentium*, the closest known species to the *C. pipiens* complex, is presented as an outgroup. See Supplementary Information for references for all samples.

Table S1. Name, country of origin and reference of the strains used in Figure S1.

Taxa	Name in Fig. S1	Real name	Country	Reference
<i>C. p. quinquefasciatus</i>	R1	BO	Burkina-Faso	M. Raymond, unpublished
	R2	HARARE	Zimbabwe	M. Raymond, unpublished
	R3	SUPERCAR	Côte d'Ivoire	1
	R4	DJI	Mali	M. Raymond, unpublished
	R5	MARTINIQUE	Martinique	2
	R6	RECIFE	Brazil	Collected in 1995 by A.-B. Failloux (Pasteur Institute, Paris, France)
	S1	PRO-R	USA	3
	S2	S-LAB	USA	3
	S3	TEM-R	USA	4
	S4	TRANS-P	USA	5
	S6	LING	China	6
	S7	MAO	China	7
	S6	THAI	Thailand	8
	S8	MADURAI	India	9
<i>C. p. pipiens</i>	S9	BSQ	South Africa	Collected in 1991 by A. J. Cornel (Sth Afr. Inst. Med. Res., South Africa)
	S10	BED	South Africa	Collected in 1991 by A. J. Cornel (Sth Afr. Inst. Med. Res., South Africa)
	S11	BOUAKE	Côte d'Ivoire	10
	S12	BRAZZA	Congo	11
	S13	BRESIL	Brazil	M. Raymond, unpublished
	S14	MOOREA	French Polynesia	12
	R7	ESPRO	Tunisia	13
	R8	PRAIAS	Portugal	14
	R9	PADOVA	Italy	15
	R10	BARRIOL	France	16
	S15	BRUGES-A	Belgium	17
	S16	BRUGES-B	Belgium	17
	S17	KILLCARE	Australia	18
	S18	BLEUET	France	19
<i>C. torrentium</i>	S19	HETEREN	Holland	M. Raymond, unpublished
	-	UPPSALA	Sweden	20

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